

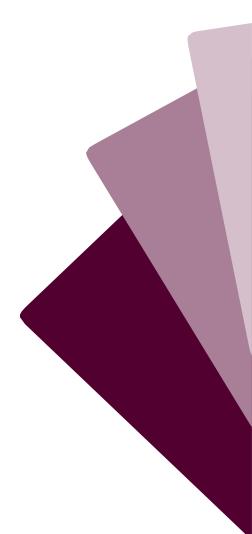
1915 North 12<sup>th</sup> Street Toledo, OH 43604 419.324.2222 www.ctconsultants.com

# NESHAP Asbestos and Lead Based Paint Survey

Operations Building Number One Wastewater Treatment Plant 127 Middleview Drive Sunbury, Ohio



PREPARED FOR Project Architect 7965 North High Street #340, Columbus OH 43235 CT Project No. 21000706 ISSUED: 1.26.2024





Project No. 21000706

January 26, 2024

Mr. David Smith Project Architect 7965 North High Street #340 Columbus, OH 43235

> NESHAP Asbestos and Lead-Based Paint Survey Operations Building- Wastewater Treatment Plant 127 Middleview Drive Sunbury, Ohio

Dear Mr. Smith:

CT Consultants, Inc. (CT) performed a limited non-destructive United Sates Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Asbestos and Lead-Based Paint (LBP) Survey for the operations building number one of the wastewater treatment plant located at 127 Middleview Drive, Sunbury, Ohio, (site) on January 22, 2024. The limited asbestos and LBP survey were performed for Project Architect, 127 Middleview Drive, Sunbury, OH 43704 (Project Architect) in accordance with CT's Proposal Number 21000706, dated January 16, 2024.

The purpose of the NESHAP asbestos regulation is to protect human health and the environment by minimizing the release of asbestos when facilities that contain asbestos-containing materials (ACM) are renovated or demolished. The U.S. EPA defined an ACM as a material that contains greater than one-percent asbestos by visual estimation of weight.

CT appreciates the opportunity to provide Project Architect with our engineering, consulting, and testing services and we look forward to working with you in the future. Should you have any questions concerning this report, please contact Harjot Singh at (734) 695-0120.

Sincerely, CT Consultants, Inc.

Rob Serlin Associate Hazard Environmental Scientist

Harjot Singh

Harjot Singh Project Manager

H:\2021\21000706\REPORTS\Sunbury OH Report\Andersons NESHAP Asbestos and Lead Report.docx

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
2.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY	1
2.1 Survey Analytical Results	2
3.0 LEAD BASED PAINT SURVEY	
3.1 Survey	.2
3.2 Survey Results	. 3
4.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	3
4.1 Asbestos Survey	. 3
4.2 Lead-Based Paint Survey	.4
5.0 LIMITATIONS	4

## Appendices

Appendix A:	CT Certifications
Appendix B:	NESHAP Asbestos Survey Summary Table
Appendix C:	Asbestos Analytical Report
Appendix D:	ACM Sample Location and Maps
Appendix E:	XRF Analyzer Data Table



## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The objective of this project was to collect the data necessary to comply with the NESHAP renovation/demolition inspection requirements and to conduct an evaluation of the potential presence of lead-based paint in the site structure. To meet this objective, Mr. Robert Serlin of CT Consultants, Inc. (CT) conducted a limited non-destructive NESHAP asbestos and lead-based paint survey of the accessible interior areas within the scope of work of the operations building number one of the wastewater treatment plant located at 127 Middleview Drive, Sunbury, Ohio.

Mr. Serlin is certified by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) as an Asbestos Hazard Evaluation Specialist (AHES) and as Lead Risk Assessor. A copy of Mr. Serlin's certifications are included in Appendix A.

## 2.0 ASBESTOS SURVEY

The asbestos survey included the identification of suspect materials and the definition of homogeneous sampling areas (HSA), assessment of the condition of each material, estimation of approximate quantity of the suspect asbestos containing material (ACM), and collection and analysis of bulk samples from each identified HSA. An HSA is defined as a material that exhibited similar physical characteristics (e.g., texture, surface color, and appearance) and was applied or installed at the same time (if known) as observed by the inspection team utilizing professional judgment and experience.

The samples were collected using a coring device or other means, as appropriate, to collect a cross section of the suspect material. The samples were placed into clean and unused sealable bags marked with unique sample identification numbers. The samples of suspect ACM were transported to EMSL Analytical, Inc. (EMSL) for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM). EMSL is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLP), which is administered by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).



### 2.1 Survey Analytical Results

Fourteen suspect ACMs were identified in the accessible areas of the site structures from which a total of 24 samples (29 sample layers) were collected and analyzed. The following materials were identified or assumed as ACM:

Material Description	Location	Quantity
Brown glue puck	Throughout Basement	1,500 SF
Black mastic residue on stairs	Basement stairwell	30 SF
2"-4" mud fittings on fiberglass line	Throughout Basement	22 EA
Door frame caulk	Basement and first floor	65 LF
Fire door and frame (assumed ACM)	First floor lab	1 EA
Lab countertops (assumed ACM)	First floor lab	25 SF
Insulator in electrical boxes (assumed ACM)	Basement east wall	3 SF

### Operations Building

SF – square feet LF – linear feet EA- each

Refer to Appendix B for the NESHAP Asbestos Survey Summary Tables. The analytical laboratory reports are included in Appendix C. Maps indicating the sample locations are located in Appendix D.

## 3.0 LEAD BASED PAINT SURVEY

### 3.1 Survey

The LBP survey was conducted by utilizing an XRF analyzer. XRF instruments expose a building component to radiation in the form of x-rays. In response to radiation, each element, including lead, emits energy at a fixed and characteristic level. Emission of characteristic x-rays is called "X-Ray Fluorescence," or XRF. The energy released is measured by the instrument's fluorescence detector and displayed. If the reading displayed on the XRF is less than the threshold of 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, then the reading is considered negative for lead-based paint. If the reading is greater than or equal to the threshold of 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, then the reding is considered positive. The threshold for the screening survey was set at the limit of detection (LOD) for the presence of lead in the paint.



### 3.2 Survey Results

Each accessible area within the structures were tested for LBP. LBP is defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) as paint containing more than 1.0 milligrams of lead per square centimeter (mg/cm<sup>2</sup>) of area, or 0.5 weight percent using Atomic Adsorption Spectrophotometry (AAS). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) defines lead paint as paint containing any amount of lead that may pose a worker exposure hazard upon disturbance.

#### No LBP was detected.

The XRF analytical data are included in Appendix E.

### 4.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This section summarizes the results of the asbestos and LBP survey and sampling and provides conclusions and recommendations.

#### 4.1 Asbestos Survey

The following friable material was identified as ACM based on laboratory analysis:

• Approximately 22 EA of 2"-4" mud fittings on fiberglass line (HSA 21000706-04)

The following non-friable category II materials were identified or assumed to be ACM and would need to be sampled to determine asbestos content or removed prior to renovation activities that would disturb the material:

- Approximately 1,500 SF of brown glue puck (wall adhesive) (HSA 21000706-01)
- Approximately 30 SF of black mastic residue on stairwell (HSA 21000706-03)
- Approximately 65 LF of door frame caulk (HSA 21000706-05)
- Approximately 1 EA of fire door and frame (HSA 21000706-12)
- Approximately 25 SF of lab countertops (HSA 21000706-13)
- Approximately 3 SF of insulator in electrical boxes (HSA 21000706-14)

No non-friable category I ACM was identified.

The U.S. EPA defines regulated asbestos-containing material (RACM) as: (a) Friable asbestos material, (b) Category I no-friable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading, or (d) Category II non-friable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or



renovation operations.

The National Emissions Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) asbestos regulations require the removal of all RACM from a facility being demolished or renovated prior to beginning any activity that might damage or disturb the material. The U.S. EPA requires written notification if the combined amount of RACM to be removed is a least 260 linear feet, at least 160 square feet, or at least one cubic meter of facility components where length or area could not be measured. Based on the condition of the material, the identified ACM may be expected to be a RACM if disturbed during renovation activities. CT recommends the removal of the ACM that might become RACM based on the project-specific renovation techniques by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor. The renovation contractor must be notified of the presence, quantity and location of the material so as to avoid renovation techniques that may render the material friable and create RACM.

### 4.2 Lead-Based Paint Survey

#### LBP above the HUD level of 1.0 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> was not identified.

Building components and substrates within the building painted with the same paint color that has been found to contain lead during the LBP Screen should be treated as LBP, as applicable. The potential for worker exposure to lead during renovation, demolition, and construction activities exists in the site buildings due to the presence of LBP.

OSHA defines lead paint as paint containing any amount of lead that may pose a worker exposure hazard upon disturbance. All activities that may disturb lead-containing paint and LBP should be conducted under OSHA Lead in Construction Standard 1926.62. Any contractor who may come in contact with materials containing lead at any detectable concentration is required to address worker exposure responsibilities as outlined in OSHA Lead in Construction Standard 1926.62. The purpose of sampling representative painted surfaces for lead was for a hazard evaluation and not for disposal purposes. Additional sampling and evaluation may need to be performed prior to disposal. Waste generators are required to determine if there are any hazardous levels of lead prior to disposal by using a Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) to characterize the waste. Demolition waste streams with leachable lead concentrations exceeding 5.0 milligrams per liter (mg/L) when analyzed for lead by the TCLP test are considered characteristically hazardous and require special handling according to federal and state regulations, including 40 CFR 247.

## 5.0 LIMITATIONS

CT has made reasonable efforts to identify and quantify suspect ACM based upon the standard of care in the environmental industry existing at the time of the survey. This survey only summarizes the potential presence and estimated quantities of visually observed ACM. Unless otherwise indicated, CT did not perform destructive testing and this survey is limited to areas that were



accessible to and visually observed by CT at the time of the survey.

Additional material disturbed during renovation or demolition activities should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, especially materials that were previously hidden, obscured, or inaccessible, to determine if the material is included in this survey. If a given material is not described in this survey or cannot be identified as a non-suspect material, the material should be assumed to contain asbestos and renovation and/or demolition activities should be halted until sampling and analysis can be accomplished. Parties conducting renovation and/or demolition activities should follow all applicable federal, state, and local regulations in handling identified and suspect ACM.

The information contained in this report was based upon specific parameters and regulations in force at the time of this survey. The information herein is only for the specific use Project Architect, unless written authorization is obtained from CT. CT accepts no responsibility for the use, interpretation, or reliance by other parties on the information contained herein, nor does this report represent an instrument of regulatory compliance or an asbestos or lead abatement specification.

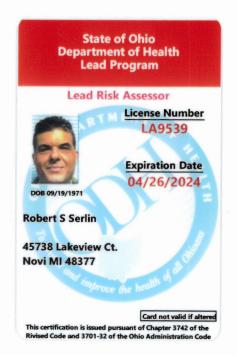


# Appendix A

CT Certifications







## Appendix B

NESHAP Asbestos Survey Summary Tables



#### NESHAP ASBESTOS SURVEY SUMMARY OPERATIONS BUILDING #1- WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT 127 MIDDLEVIEW DRIVE, SUNBURY OH CT PROJECT NO. 21000706

Approximate Quantity HSA No. **HSA Material Description** Friability Functional Area(s) Results Condition [square feet (s.f.)] [linear feet (I.f.)] Ρ 1 Brown glue puck NF-II 1,500 s.f. **Throughout Basement** Good 2 Ν NF-II Good Yellow glue pods 100 s.f. Basement south side 3 Black mastic residue on stairwell Ρ NF-II 30 s.f. **Basement Stairwell** Good 4 2"-4" mud fittings on fiberglass line Ρ F 22 Each **Throughout Basement** Good Ρ 5 Door frame caulk NF-II 65 l.f. Basement, lab, break room Good 6 Ν F 10 s.f. Good Air duct glue **Basement** 7 Ν NF-II Window frame caulk 130 L.f. Throughout 1<sup>st</sup> floor Good 8 2'x 4' pinhole and fissure ceiling tile Ν F 350 s.f. Throughout 1<sup>st</sup> floor Good 4" gray cove base with 9 Ν NF-II 150 l.f. Throughout 1<sup>st</sup> floor Good associated adhesive 10 Drywall with associated joint compound Ν NF-II 900 s.f. Throughout 1st floor, Basement stairwell Good 11 2'x 2' ceiling tile Ν F 30 s.f. Basement stairwell Good 12 Fire door and frame Α NF-II 1 Each 1<sup>\*</sup> floor lab south side Good 13 Α NF-II 25 s.f. Good 1<sup>st</sup> floor lab Lab counter tops 14 Insulator in electrical boxes Α NF-II 3 s.f. Basement east wall Good

RESULTS: P: Positive

N: Negative

A: Assumed Positive

#### FRIABILITY:

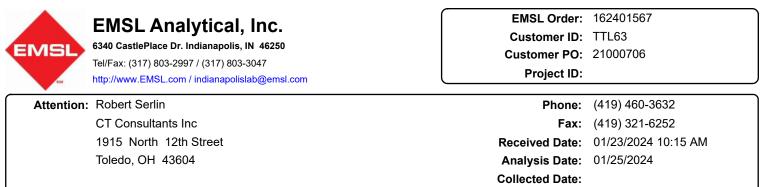
F: Friable NF-I: Non-Friable Category I NF-II: Non-Friable Category II CONDITION:

Good: Little or no damage Damaged: Less than 10% damage of total surface area, or less than 25% damage in a localized area Significantly Damaged: Greater than 10% damage of total surface area, or greater than 25% damage in a localized area Page 1 of 1

## Appendix C

Asbestos Analytical Reports





Project: Sunbury OH Wastwater treatment plant/21000706

#### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via AHERA Method 40CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix E supplemented with EPA 600/R-93/116 using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	estos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
01A	Basement - Brown Glue Pod	Brown Non-Fibrous		98% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
)162401567-0001 )1B	Basement - Brown	Homogeneous			Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
162401567-0002	Glue Pod				
	Becoment Vellow	Vallaur		100% New Fibrous (Other)	Nana Datastad
)2A 162401567-0003	Basement - Yellow Glue Pods	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
		-			
)2B	Basement - Yellow Glue Pods	Yellow Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0004		Homogeneous			
03A	Basement - Black Mastic Residue on	Brown Non-Fibrous		98% Non-fibrous (Other)	2% Chrysotile
162401567-0005	Stairs	Homogeneous			
03B	Basement - Black Mastic Residue on				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
162401567-0006	Stairs				
04A	Basement - 2 to 4 Mud on Fiberglass	Gray Non-Fibrous		60% Non-fibrous (Other)	40% Chrysotile
162401567-0007	Line	Homogeneous			
04B	Basement - 2 to 4 Mud on Fiberglass				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
162401567-0008	Line				
04C	Basement - 2 to 4 Mud on Fiberglass				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
162401567-0009	Line				
05A	Basement - Door Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous		95% Non-fibrous (Other)	5% Chrysotile
162401567-0010		Homogeneous			
05B	Basement - Door Frame Caulk				Positive Stop (Not Analyzed)
162401567-0011					
06A	Basement - Duct Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0012		Homogeneous			
06B	Basement - Duct Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0013		Homogeneous			
07A	Hallway - Window Frame Caulk	White Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0014		Homogeneous			
07B	Lab - Window Frame Caulk	White Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0015		Homogeneous			
08A	Hallway - 2'x4' Pinhole & Fissure	Tan/White Fibrous	50% Cellulose 10% Min. Wool	30% Perlite 10% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0016	Ceiling Tile	Homogeneous			



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

6340 CastlePlace Dr. Indianapolis, IN 46250 Tel/Fax: (317) 803-2997 / (317) 803-3047 http://www.EMSL.com / indianapolislab@emsl.com 
 EMSL Order:
 162401567

 Customer ID:
 TTL63

 Customer PO:
 21000706

 Project ID:
 T

#### Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via AHERA Method 40CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix E supplemented with EPA 600/R-93/116 using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Asbestos		
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
08B 162401567-0017	Break Room - 2'x4' Pinhole & Fissure Ceiling Tile	Tan/White Fibrous Homogeneous	50% Cellulose 10% Min. Wool	30% Perlite 10% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
09A-Cove Base	Break Room - 4" Gray Cove Base w/	Gray Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0018	Adhesive	Homogeneous			
09A-Adhesive	Break Room - 4" Gray Cove Base w/ Adhesive	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
09B-Cove Base	Hallway - 4" Gray Cove Base w/	Gray Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0019	Adhesive	Homogeneous			
09B-Adhesive	Hallway - 4" Gray Cove Base w/	Yellow Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0019A	Adhesive	Homogeneous			
10A-Drywall	Break Room - Drywall with Joint Compound	Brown/White Non-Fibrous	10% Cellulose 2% Glass	88% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
		Homogeneous			
10A-Joint Compound	Break Room - Drywall with Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0020A		Homogeneous			
10B-Drywall	Hallway - Drywall with Joint Compound				Layer Not Present
162401567-0021					
10B-Joint Compound	Hallway - Drywall with Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0021A		Homogeneous			
10C-Drywall	Hallway - Drywall with Joint Compound	Brown/White Non-Fibrous	10% Cellulose	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0022		Homogeneous			
10C-Joint Compound	Hallway - Drywall with Joint Compound				Layer Not Present
162401567-0022A					
11A	Basement Stairwell - 2'x2' Textured Ceiling	Gray/White Fibrous	85% Min. Wool	15% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0023	Tile	Homogeneous			
11B	Basement Stairwell - 2'x2' Textured Ceiling	Gray/White Fibrous	85% Min. Wool	15% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
162401567-0024	Tile	Homogeneous			

Analyst(s)

Mazen Elkhatib (8) Selina Zeiss (14)

Asbestos Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. The above analyses were performed in general compliance with Appendix E to Subpart E of 40 CFR (previously EPA 600/M4-82-020 "Interim Method") but augmented with procedures outlined in the 1993 ("final") version of the method. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Estimation of uncertainty is available on request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Indianapolis, IN NVLAP Lab Code 200188-0, AZ0939, CA 2575, CO AL-15132, TX 300262, A2LA Accredited - Certificate #2845.25

Initial report from: 01/25/2024 11:16:38

ESTING LASS - PRODUCTS - TRAINING		1624015	67	PHONE: (800) 220-3675 EMAIL: CinnAsblabgeEMSL.com
Customer ID: TTL6	3		Biling ID;	
E Company Name: CT C	onsultants, Inc.		5 Company Name: CT Consul	Itants, Inc.
Company Name: CT C Contact Name: Robe Street Address: 1915 City, State, Zip: Tolect Phone: 419-4	ert Serlin	;	Billing Contact: Cindy Smi Street Address: 1915 N 12	th
Street Address: 1915	N 12th Street		E Street Address: 1915 N 12	
E City, State, Zip: Tolec	lo, OH 43604	Country: USA	Phone: Toledo, Ol	
	160-3632			
	@ctconsultants.com, n	singh@ctconsultants.com Project Info	- Carnin Con	consultants.com
Project Sunbur	y OH Wastewa	ter treatment plan	V 21000706	Purchase Order: 2/800786
EMSL LIMS Project ID: (If applicable, EMSL will provide)	•	i	IS State where	Connecticut (CT) must select project location:
	rt Serlin	Sampled By Signature;		commercial (Taxable) Residential (Non-Taxable) ampled: 1/22/24 No. of Samples 24 th Shipment 24
		Turn-Around-1		in Shipment
3 Hour 6	Hour 24 Hour Please call ahead for large projects	32 Hour 248 Hours or Less. *32 Hours or Less. *32 Hours	our 72 Hour available for select tests only, samples must be	96 Hour 11:30am. 2 Week 2 Week
'	PLM - Bulk (reporting limit	Test Sele	ction	TEM - Bulk
	• •			
PLM EPA NOB (<1%	) )			B.4 (Non-Friable - NY) D/R-93/116 w Milling Prep (0.1%)
	0.25%) 1,000 (<0.1%)			
POINT COUNT w/ G	0.25%) 1,000 (<0.1%)		<u>Other T</u>	<u>ests (please specify)</u>
NIOSH 9002 (<1%)				
NYS 198.1 (Friable -	•			
NYS 198.8 (Vermicu	•		Positive Stop - Clearly to	dentified Homogeneous Areas (HA)
Sample Number	HA Number	·	le Location	Material Description
·OIA		BATAMONT		BILOUP GLUE POU
01,B		(\		(, '(
OLA		BHANAT		YELLOW GULF POPS
02A 02B		BASANAN		
				YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 1) BUTCH HARTE RETERRE
02-B		9		YELLOW GLUE POPS (1 1) BLARCA HABAR RESEDUE ON SAATRI 11
02-B 03A		BREMENT		YELLOW GLUE POPS (1 1) BUNCU HIMME RETERIE ON SAPTIC 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
02-B 03A 07B		1 BREART		YELLOW GLUE POPS (1 1) BLARCU HABAR RETEDUE ON SAATRI 11
02-B 03A 03B 04A		1) BREMENT UN BREMAT		YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 1) BUTCH HASTER RETEDUE ON SAPTIC 1 11 2"TOY" HUD PATANES ON PARAMES LANE
02-B 03A 07B 04A 04A 04B		13 MEMONT 13 MEMONT 11 BMEMAT		YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 1) BUTCH HASTER RETERIE ON SAFER (1 1) 2" TO Y" HOR PATANES ON PERSONSS GUE (1 1)
02-B 03A 07B 04A 04B 04B	Special Instructions and/c	IL BAREMENT LI BAREMENT LI	pecifications, Processing Methods, Limits	YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 17 BUTTON HABTER RETERVE ON SAFER (1 11 2" TO Y 7 HOD PATANES ON PADORENSS GUE (1 1 1L 11 PODIA FRAME GAVING
02-B 03A 03B 07B 07A 074B 074C 05A	Special Instructions and/c	IS MEMENT IL BMEMAT IL BMEMAT IL r Regulatory Requirements (Sample S	pecifications, Processing Methods, Limits	YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 1) BUTCH HABAR PUTERUE ON SATTLY 11 211 TO Y THIN PATANOS ON PADERGUESS GUE (1 1 1L 11 PODIA FREATHE CAVELY of Detection, etc.)
02-B 03A 07B 07A 04B 045 045 05A	Special Instructions and/c	IL BAREMENT LI BAREMENT LI		YELLOW GUDE POPS (1 17 BUTTON HABTER RETERVE ON SAFER (1 11 2" TO Y 7 HOD PATANOS ON PADORENSS GUE (1 1 1L 11 PODIA FRAME GAVILY

.

OrderID: 162401567

EMSL

#### Asbestos Bulk Building Materials - Chain of Custody EMSL

EMSL Order Number / Lab Use Only

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

1567

Special Instructions and/or Regulatory Requirements (Sample Specifications, Processing Methods, Limits of Detection, etc.)

PHONE: (800) 220-3675 EMAIL: CinnAsblab@ElktSl.com

#### EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC. TESTING LABS • PRODUCTS • TRAINING

---- ·

Additional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information

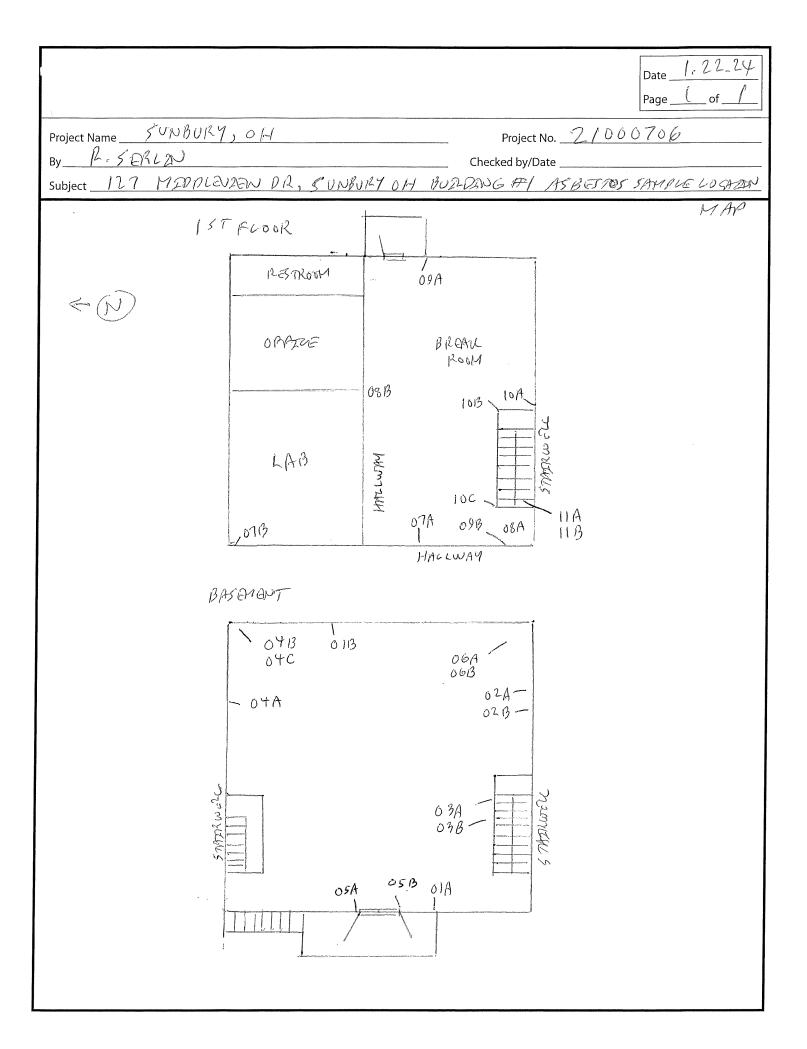
ample Number	HA Number	Sample Location	Material Description
05B		BASEMOT	DOOR PLAME QULK
D6A,		.11	DUST GLUE
0613,		~(	UC 1.
07A		HARLWAN	WZUPOW FALLE GULL
o 713		LAB	n li
08A		1+62 LWTRY	2'7 Y' PADADE O Parisone carave a
08.8		BROM RODA	
DOA		n n	411 GRAM COVEBATE W/ ADISTIZE
09·8		1-Ari way	u h
IDA		BREAK ROOM	DRYWALL WITH JOW, COMPOUND
IDB		HARLWAY	4 '1
+ /DC		.u	
11'A		BAS EMANT & PADRWOL	2' + 2' TOTATED LETTER
11 B		17 4	c
of Shipment:		Sample Condition Upon Re	ceipt:
ished by: ROBERT	salua /m	Date/Time: 1/ 22/27-1908 Receivedby:	Batertheed 101

EMSL Analytical, Inc.'s Laboratory Terms and Conditions are incorporated into this Chain of Custody by reference in their entirety. Submission of samples to EMSL Analytical, Inc. constitutes acceptance and acknowledgment of all terms and conditions by Customer.

## Appendix D

ACM Sample Location and Maps





## Appendix E

XRF Analyzer Data Table



#### XRF Data Operations Building #1- Wastewater Treatement Plant 127 Middleview Drive Sunbury, OH

Reading No	Component	Substrate	Side	Condition	Color	Floor	Room	Results	PbC	PbC Error	Units
225	CALIBRATE							Positive	1	0.1	mg / cm ^2
226	CALIBRATE							Positive	1.1	0.1	mg / cm ^2
227	CALIBRATE							Positive	1.1	0.1	mg / cm ^2
228	CEILING TRUSS	METAL	UPPER	INTACT	GREEN	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative		0.09	mg / cm ^2
229	WALL	DRYWALL	UPPER	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative		0.03	mg / cm ^2
230	WALL	DRYWALL	А	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
231	WALL	DRYWALL	В	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
232	WALL	DRYWALL	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
233	WALL	CINDER	D	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
234	WALL	CINDER	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	BREAK ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
235	WALL	CINDER	А	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
236	WALL	CINDER	В	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
237	WALL	CINDER	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative		0.03	mg / cm ^2
238	WALL	CINDER	D	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
239	CEILING	DRYWALL	UPPER	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
240	WINDOW SILL	CONCRETE	А	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
241	RADIATOR	METAL	А	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
242	DOOR	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
243	DOOR FRAME	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	RESTROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
244	DOOR FRAME	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
245	DOOR	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
246	WALL	DRYWALL	А	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
248	WALL	DRYWALL	В	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative		0.03	mg / cm ^2
249	WALL	DRYWALL	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
250	WALL	DRYWALL	D	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	OFFICE	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
251	CEILING	DRYWALL	UPPER	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
252	WALL	CINDER	А	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
253	WALL	CINDER	В	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
254	WALL	CINDER	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
255	WALL	CINDER	D	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
256	WINDOW FRAME	METAL	С	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2

#### XRF Data Operations Building #1- Wastewater Treatement Plant 127 Middleview Drive Sunbury, OH

257	WINDOW FRAME	METAL	D	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	2.86	mg / cm ^2
258	WINDOW FRAME	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
259	DOOR	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	LAB	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
260	WINDOW FRAME	METAL	А	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	RR	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
261	WINDOW FRAME	METAL	С	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	HALLWAY	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
262	WALL	CINDER	В	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	HALLWAY	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
263	WALL	CINDER	D	INTACT	GRAY	FIRST	HALLWAY	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
264	WALL	CINDER	С	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	HALLWAY	Negative	< LOD	0.04	mg / cm ^2
265	DOOR	WOOD	А	INTACT	WHITE	FIRST	HALLWAY	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
266	WALL	DRYWALL	С	INTACT	WHITE	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
267	WALL	CINDER	В	INTACT	WHITE	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
268	RISER	CONCRETE	LOWER	INTACT	GRAY	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
269	TREAD	CONCRETE	LOWER	INTACT	GRAY	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	0.03	0.02	mg / cm ^2
270	HAND RAIL	METAL	В	INTACT	GRAY	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.07	mg / cm ^2
271	HAND RAIL	METAL	D	INTACT	GRAY	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.09	mg / cm ^2
272	BEAM	CONCRETE	А	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	STAIRWELL	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
273	WALL	DRYWALL	А	INTACT	WHITE	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
274	WALL	DRYWALL	D	INTACT	WHITE	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
275	WALL	CONCRETE	А	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
276	WALL	CONCRETE	В	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
277	WALL	CONCRETE	С	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
278	WALL	CONCRETE	D	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
280	CEILING	CONCRETE	UPPER	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.03	mg / cm ^2
282	HANDRAIL	METAL	D	INTACT	GREEN	BASEMENT	MAIN ROOM	Negative	< LOD	0.12	mg / cm ^2
283	CALIBRATE							Negative	0.9	0.1	mg / cm ^2
284	CALIBRATE							Negative	0.9	0.1	mg / cm ^2
285	CALIBRATE							Negative	0.9	0.1	mg / cm ^2

